

The Western Mountaineer.

GEORGE WEST,

(OFFICE, WASHINGTON AVENUE.)

PUBLISHER.

VOL. 2.

GOLDEN CITY, J. T., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1860.

NO. 25.

The Western Mountaineer,
PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

A. D. Richardson, George West, Thos. W. Knox,
EDITORS.

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Tenders his professional services to the citizens of
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June 28, 1860. 1tf

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Will practice before the Justice Court of the Blue
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GOOD HOME-MADE AND BAKERS' BREAD,
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June 28, 1860. 1.tf

Poetry.

An Indian-Summer Picture.
[These verses, while we are enjoying our crim-
son and golden sunsets and splendid glories, of the
aboriginal season, are appropriate and pleasant
withal:]

At the open window I sit and see
The gorgeous clouds that are passing by,
And the soft south air is bringing to me
Perfumes as sweet as in June bud lie;
Even the bees are humming to-day,
And I catch the sound of children at play.
Did I not see the changing leaves
Brilliant in coloring as the sky,
And the reapers binding their golden sheaves,
I should say the summer had not gone by;
It seems that as if Nature had passed to think,
Before it should reach October's brink.
But with every breath of the scented breeze
There is rustling down a withered leaf,
And I hear the sighing among the trees,
That is like the prelude to a grief—
And though the sun shines with a splendor like June
By this I should know 'tis a fall afternoon.

At the open window I sit and see
Clouds that are passing—hopes that are past,
And the soft south air is bringing to me
Memories crowding thick and fast;
And some of the dreams I recall to-day
Are swept like the withered leaves rustling away.
At the open window I still remain,
And my soul is vainly trying to see
Over the losses—on the gain—
Knowing how much that gain would be,
Teach me, oh teach me, how to wait,
For the summer so endless—Heaven is so great.

[Whittier thus inscribes his new volume of poems,
"Home Ballads," to his sister, and we remember
no more touching stanzas in the language of dedi-
cation. The reference to his mother, not long
dead, is very beautiful:]

I call the old time back; I bring these lays
To thee in memory of the summer days,
When, by our native streams and forest ways,
We dreamed them over; while the rivulets made
Songs of their own, and the great pine trees laid
On warm noon-lights the masses of their shade.
And she was with us, living o'er again
Her life in ours, despite of years and pain—
The Autumn's brightness after latter rain.
Beautiful in her holy peace, as one
Who stands at evening, when the work is done,
Glorified in the setting of the sun!

Her memory makes our common landscape seem
Fairer than any of which painters dream,
Lights the brown hills and sings in every stream.
For she whose speech was always truth's pure gold,
Heard, not displeas'd, its simple legends told,
And loved with us the beautiful and old.

Miscellaneous.

The London Dog Hospital.

The London ladies have found a new
object for their charities, and have lately
established a 'House for Lost and Starv-
ing Dogs.' As the poor human beings of
the English capital have been so thor-
oughly cared for that it is well known not
a solitary case of destitution ever occurs
there; the wealthy Englishwomen need
some object for their sympathies, and
spend their time, tears and assiduities in
behalf of canine sufferers. Hospitals for
sacred animals exist in India, but until
now the religious customs of that highly
civilized region have not been introduced
into other portions of the British Empire.
Perhaps, in future, the Coro of Brahma
will be held holy, and all destruction of
animal life, for whatever purposes, pro-
hibited. Who knows, indeed but the very
worship of cats and dogs may be revived,
and, as the practice of embalming is obso-
lete, these quadrupeds, whose sufferings
are the cause of so much tender solicitude,
may at least be cared for by Christian
burial after death? If any of the unfor-
tunate dogs in the hospital should give up
the ghost, a cemetery should certainly be
provided for their remains. The graves
allotted to the poor might be much more
fitly dedicated to this superior purpose.
Will not some wealthy individual on this
side of the water emulate her English sis-
ters in so exalted a beneficence; leave
orphan asylums and other humane institu-
tions to take care of themselves, and in-
stitute a hospital for dogs?

Hasheesh.

This remarkable drug, which causes the
most wonderful hallucinations in the brains
of its votaries, has long been known in
the East, and is believed to have imparted
to Oriental literature much of its fanciful
and brilliant exaggeration. The discover-
er of the dangerous delightful prop-
erties of hemp, says *Chamber's Journal*, was
the sheik Haider, chief of the ascetics of
his day. For ten years he had lived in
the monastery of the Fakirs, a recluse
from man and pleasure, but one day he
chanced to go out into the fields alone—
When he returned he was a changed man—
blithe, gay, communicative; in nothing
resembling the gloomy saint who had wan-
dered forth into the fields, dull of brain
and dead of heart, to whom life was a
long act of penance, and joy a thing of
the past. He told his friends that he had
seen a plant that had seemed to dance in
the sunlight; that struck with its appear-
ance, he had eaten some of the leaves,
when, on the instant, earth was transfor-
med to paradise, and love and beauty flowed
where only stupor and stagnation had
crept before. His companions went with
him to the place, found the plant dancing
in the heat, ate the leaves like their sheik,
and became confirmed hasheesh eaters—
The sheik was accustomed to take his
portion steeped in wine, and the bright,
green tint it gave to the liquor was the
meaning of the 'emerald cup' so cele-
brated in Eastern poetry. This discovery
of the intoxicating properties of hemp was
made in the year of the Flight, 658.—
Twenty-two years afterwards the sever-
est laws were passed against the hempites.
Their teeth were knocked out, they were
persecuted and maltreated, and the famous
valley or garden of Djoneina, where all
the inhabitants were given over to the ru-
inous practice, was rooted up and made
desolate. But legislation and force were
vain. Twelve years after this, the uses
and abuses of hemp were as powerful and
numerous as ever, and now the problem
would be to find an Eastern who had not,
at sometime or other, known by experi-

ence the fascinating effects of hasheesh.—
This famous extract, which makes men
mad with joy and leaves them mad with
despair, is a dark green, bitter, highly
perfumed preparation, of about the con-
sistence of syrup. No other drug has
such a potent influence on the brain as
this. Mr. Moreau once took a dose just
before going to the opera, and it seemed
to him that he was three hours in getting
through the passage, while he was proba-
bly not more than three minutes. M. de
Lanley took a dose, the effects of which
lasted a whole day, that day seemed to
him to have been a hundred years.—*Bos-
ton Journal.*

(From the Cincinnati Press.)

Dismalisms.

Motto for an undertaker—"From
grave to gay."
Women's consciences must be charita-
ble—they give so freely.
Women often owe their reputation
more to their homeliness than to their
modesty.
A galley-slave—a compositor on a
morning paper.
It is not to be wondered at that men,
when corned, should have a husky voice.
Surgeons are waggish fellows; they
live by running saws on their acquaint-
ances.
Appropriate expression for a husband
whose wife has presented him with twins—
'O, gemini!'
What is the difference between Jupiter's
wife and the Pope of Rome? She is Ju-no,
and he is no Jew.

Indulgent as Achilles' mother may have
been to her son, we learn from myth-
ology that a very early age she took the
Styx to him.

Until after the Fall, our first parents
never fig-ured in Eden.

Convince a woman you love her and
she will forgive in you anything—but
telling her the truth.

Why should we expect women to be
careful and tidy, when even in Paradise
the mother of the sex led a shiftless life.

Hash-eesh eaters, without their delicious
dreams—the patrons of private boarding-
houses.

Tragic actors, now-a-days, would rather
see the tiers full of eyes than the eyes full
of tears.

Semele was a model for her sex. Ac-
cording to mythology, she was the first
woman who made her lover come down
in a golden shower.

With all of Job's afflictions, physicians
must envy him; he was so blessed with
patience.

LIFE IN NEBRASKA.—The sanctum of
the editor and proprietor of the *Hunts-
man's Echo*, a sheet printed in Nebraska,
presents sometimes strange sights. 'Last
week,' the editor says, 'upon two occa-
sions, from our office we witnessed the
playful pranks of several antelopes and
again a sprightly red fox came up near the
enclosure, but cut and run when Toyser
came in sight; a nice race they had, and
both made time, but Reynard the best. A
week ago, two grizzly bears and three
large wolves were in sight, and played
round on the prairie at a safe distance;
the same chaps probably that made a ten-
der meal from a good sized calf of ours
that had been running out. The buffalo
have taken our caution and for two weeks
have not troubled us.'

The dead level of life—the aim of
an American rifle.

The Mountaineer.

A. D. Richardson, George West, Thos. W. Knox,
EDITORS.

Thursday, Dec. 13, 1860.

The Panic in the East.

There is now a severe pressure in the money market at the East, greater perhaps than that of 1857. The principal cause assigned is the disunion movements in the South. There is always a slight depression of business during and immediately after a Presidential campaign, owing to the attention given to political matters, and the amount of money expended by all parties to secure their success in the election. This is usually but temporary—disappearing soon after the excitement of political strife is ended, and people have returned to their regular occupations. In the present instance there will be a longer continuance of the financial troubles, just in proportion as the after excitement on the subject of the election is greater than in former times. It is hardly probable that any of the States will secede, notwithstanding all the bluster of South Carolina and other units of the confederacy. In any event there will be a diminution of good feeling; or rather an increase of bad feeling, on the part of the South towards the North, which will have a tendency to reduce the amount of business transactions between the two unfriendly sections.—Time will be required for quelling the indignation of the more tropical portion of the federal republic, and when this is done trade will flow in nearly its accustomed channels. Whatever the result of the panic, it will cause a larger migration to the Pike's Peak region during the coming summer and of a class that will be highly beneficial to our embryo State.

THANKSGIVING.—Last week an article was prepared setting forth the manner in which Thanksgiving was passed in our city, but it was mislaid and forgotten till after we went to press. We should not refer to it at this late day, were it not that we wish to acknowledge the kindness of some of our friends, who 'found us an hungered and gave us meat.' Mine host of the Miners' Hotel, insisted upon our helping demolish a huge turkey; one that our Junior got at Canon City. In the evening we sat down to a fine supper at the bachelor apartments of our friends Jo. Bird and Gus. Stoddard, which was truly *au fait*. To our friend Dan'l Ritchie, we extend our thanks. He was unable to secure our valuable services on Thanksgiving Day, but did not despair, and invited us to a sumptuous repast during the following week. Thanks, friends, all.

'THE WAY OF THE TRANSGRESSOR IS HARD.—We learn that Bliss is suffering under a complication of disorders: His stovepipe smokes; he has the toothache, his sleep is not refreshing, and his digestion is bad. Our spiritual adviser tells us that the good enjoy life and its blessings, but the wicked shall take no peace while on this earth, and when they die shall be cast ———. Edward is merely having a slight foretaste of what is to come. Our lot is the happiest and most delightful in the world. Say, Ned, don't you wish you were good like us?

The San Juan.

Our readers will find in another column a brief statement of Mr. Rennington, in regard to the lately discovered mines of New Mexico. Since it was put in type we have had further conversation with Mr. R. on the subject. He states that the prices of provisions in New Mexico do not vary much from those of Denver.—Sugar and coffee are sold at the same figures. Of bacon there was none to be had; mutton being the principal meat eaten by the 'Greasers' and other denizens of that region. Mexican flour was selling for \$8 to \$10 per sack of 100 pounds; there was no Mexican flour in the market.

The depth of the snow renders it impossible to get to the mines from Ft. Garland or Taos. In the Sangre de Christo Pass, on his way to Denver, Mr. Rennington found ten feet of snow. It was necessary to shovel a path before wagons were able to proceed. The emigrants met on the road were getting along very slowly, some of them lying by for warmer weather and better traveling. Very few of them will attempt to reach the mines before spring.

Although the Indians did not make any hostile demonstrations towards Capt. Baker's party, they are none the less hostile to the whites than has formerly been reported. The exploring party was well armed and equipped, and met none but small bands of the Utes and Navajoes. Had the latter been in sufficient numbers it is probable that they would have been in open opposition to Capt. Baker and his associate prospectors.

AN 'ORSE.—In passing the stable of the Miners' Hotel to-day, we saw a curious looking object, which a bystander pronounced as belonging to the *genus horse*. A thick blanket was thrown over the animal, and we at first supposed the fabric an exaggerated corduroy, but an investigation proved that the ridges were caused by the projection caused by the creature's ribs. Through the animal's sides the shadows of the mountains were dimly seen, reminding the beholder of those exhibitions where pictures are thrown on a gauze curtain between the stage and the spectator. The owner proposes furnishing the body of the quadruped to the city government, to be used as a street lantern, after removing the hide and intestines. The transparency of the material would not be surpassed by the finest German glass.

'WHEN DOCTORS DISAGREE PATIENTS GO FREE.—The opposition between the Western Stage Co., and the C. O. C. & P. P. Express, on the route from Denver to the mountains still continues. Passengers are not carried free, but, certainly at a rate 'next to nothing.' A race occurred yesterday between the two coaches from Denver to this city. Eye-witnesses inform us that the C. O. C. & P. P. came in five minutes ahead. We opine the grass didn't grow much under either vehicle.

GAME.—Elk, deer and antelope in abundance are brought into town. Our cotemporaries in Denver, in judging others by themselves, conclude we have nothing for 'game' except 'old sledge,' and kindred amusements—an error which shows the fallacy of the miscalled 'righteous judgment.'

How to Select Flour.

To those about to select flour the following directions may be beneficial: First, look at the color; if it is white, with a slightly yellowish or straw-colored tint, buy it. If it is very white, with a bluish cast, or with black specks in it, refuse it. Second, examine its adhesiveness; wet and knead a little of it between your fingers; if it works soft and sticky, it is

We wish to say that, among other blessings, we are favored with one of the sweetest little wash-women between Minot's Ledge Lighthouse and Saratoga West. Our stewed shirts come home with the buttons all in place, and our stockings nicely darned. At present she is running only two tubs, but is prepared to put on more as soon as her business increases.

A SIGN.—Last evening (Sunday) as we were passing Denver Hall, we were arrested.—*News*, Dec. 10th.

So poor Bliss is in limbo at last. We have long expected this, from the way he has been going on. The penalty for the Chicago Diphtheria down east is six months in the House of Correction; in Denver the worst punishment would be to sentence him to continue drinking their whiskey, but we hope it will not be inflicted.

SECESSION.—A South Carolinian despatch reads as follows:—

'A meeting was held to-day which determined to return forthwith all Northern claims sent for collection.'

This is a new principle in the disunion movement. Here is Southern chivalry with a vengeance! The caloric devourers of the slave States, refuse to pay the bills of the houses which have a mortal hate to everything Republican. Ye gods, what Christian magnanimity!

THAT ELK.—The *News*, in remarking upon the fact that an elk was captured near Golden City, says it was owing to the scarcity of population. No, sir; it was owing to the humanity of Den. Mac-evoy, who found him headed towards Denver, and fearing he might be hit by a stray bullet, fired at some human, he headed him off.

THAT LITTLE INDIAN.—The Ute boy that was taken east by Geo. W. Collamore, Esq. of Boston, early in the summer, died a few weeks since, as we learn from a letter received by Mr. L. N. Tappan.

THANKS.—We are indebted to the C. O. C. & P. P. Express Co., and particularly to Mr. Jones, the Denver agent, for a bundle of papers from 'America.' A late coach came through in five days and nineteen hours, from St. Joseph, bringing us a letter from Cincinnati less than eight days old.

PERIODICALS.—We are again placed under obligations to Messrs. Woolworth & Moffat, the enterprising news dealers of Denver, for a plethora of the latest news and literary papers of the day. They receive a large supply by each Express, which they sell at prices to suit the times.

The innate cussedness of Ed. Bliss of the *News* is becoming unbearable. We expect him up to the Jefferson House ball to-night, and those who wish to see a little the biggest fight on record, will be at the Washington Avenue bridge when the stage arrives.

HINCKLEY & Co.'s EXPRESS.—Hinckley & Co. are increasing their already extensive business. They intend, as soon as Spring opens, establishing express lines throughout the territory. They now have facilities for transmitting express matter to all parts of the Union.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.—The Western Stage Company has reduced the fare from Denver to Mountain City to one dollar.

'Let those now ride who never rode before, And those who rode now ride the more.'

THAT BALL.—To-night (Thursday) is that grand ball of Harvey's at Metropolitan Hall. Don't fail to attend it.

Forrest, Brothers & Co.

The community was not much surprised on Saturday last to hear that the so-called Miner's Bank of Forrest, Brothers & Co. had 'squelched' and closed its doors. A few over-confident depositors had been importuned into a tacit admission of the responsibility of this concern, and some who courteously refrained from pushing a settlement of their bills due from this bank, will be the only sufferers. No great amount of confidence has ever been felt by the public in the institution; and to this fact many are indebted for the safety they have enjoyed in not doing business over its counters.

We are not disposed to grow lachrymose over the pecuniary loss we have individually suffered by the rather questionable course pursued towards us by one of the concern. Forrest, Brothers & Co. have patronized this office liberally—that is if ordering advertising and job-work, and not paying for it, may be called patronage—but we are now left only the pleasing consolation of glancing at the debit and credit side of their account on our ledger, and beholding how much we ought to have had, and how much we didn't get. It may be all right for men claiming to possess business integrity, to make shipments of gold dust East, down to within a very short time of a suspension; to make repeated promises, and mention particular times when certain bills would be paid, without the remotest intention of a fulfilment of those promises; but to our mind such a course seems not only contemptible but *dishonorable*.

It was first given out that an assignment had been made by an agent here of the firm; but as such an act would be manifestly illegal, several depositors have commenced proceedings by attachment, and it is not at all likely that the assignment will stand. We shall publish further particulars of this somewhat questionable 'failure,' as developments are made in our courts. Bogus banking never worked well in California, and it will meet with no more favor here.—*Denver News*, December 10th.

We are indebted to Hinckley & Co., for a copy of the *Denver Mountaineer* Extra, containing the President's Message. They ran a special Pony Express to this city and the mountains on Monday night.

The following recipe has been found very efficacious in the cold nights of the Rocky Mountain region. Dr. J. W. Smith furnished us with the ingredients, and we tried it:—

Pour un rhume, prenez une decoction consistant d'eau de vie cinq parties, eau chaude trois parties, sucre deux parties; rameur bien avant usage.

LEGISLATIVE.

(Reported for the Western Mountaineer by Geo. H. Richardson, Esq.)

ASSEMBLY CHAMBER, }
GOLDEN CITY, Dec. 5, 1860. }

House met pursuant to adjournment, Hon. L. Pollard in the chair.

C. P. Hall appeared and was duly sworn as a member of the House from the 2nd District. No further business being before the house, on motion of C. P. Hall, adjourned to 10 o'clock, to-morrow morning.

THURSDAY, December 6.

House met pursuant to adjournment, Hon. L. Pollard in the chair. On account of the absence of members, on motion of W. A. H. Loveland, adjourned until 10 o'clock, to-morrow morning.

FRIDAY, December 7.

House met pursuant to adjournment, Hon. L. Pollard in the chair. Minutes of previous meetings read and approved. On motion of Mr. Bailey, a call of the House was ordered, lost. On motion of Mr. Weed, further call of the house be dispensed with and the House proceed to business.

Speeches were made by Messrs. Loveland, Bailey, Weed and others, on certain portions of the Governor's Message. On motion of Mr. Weed, adjourned to meet in joint session with council at 11 o'clock, council concurring.

LEGISLATIVE HOUSE, }
FRIDAY, December 7, 1860. }

House met pursuant to adjournment in joint session, Hon. L. Pollard in the chair.

On motion the minutes of previous meeting be dispensed with, carried. On motion of Mr. Bowles, Gov. Steele was requested to address the assembly.

In a few eloquent remarks, Gov. Steele urged that all absentees be requested to attend this session of the Provisional Legislature, immediately.

The following resolution was offered by Mr. Bowles:

Resolved,—That the Council and House in joint session assembled, do appoint a committee to take measures to bring absent members of the council and house together.

After a lengthy debate, by Messrs. Pollard, Steele, Weed, Bowles and others, on motion of G. W. Weed, that Mr. Pollard be appointed a committee of one, to act with the sergeant-at-arms to wait on absent members in Denver, carried.

On motion of G. W. Weed, the joint session rose. On motion of Mr. Weed, adjourned till 2 o'clock.

House met pursuant to adjournment. Mr. Pollard in the chair. On motion of Mr. Weed, we go into committee of the whole on the state of the Territory. On motion of Mr. Bowles Mr. Pollard took the chair.

Speeches were made by Messrs. Bowles, Loveland and Weed. On motion of Mr. Weed, the committee arise and report, carried. On motion of Mr. Loveland, adjourn till 10 o'clock, to-morrow.

SATURDAY, December 8th.

House met pursuant to adjournment, Hon. L. Pollard in the chair. On motion of G. W. Weed, we adjourn until Monday morning, at 10 o'clock.

MONDAY, December 10th.

House met pursuant to adjournment, Hon. S. W. Wagoner in the chair. On motion the reading of the minutes of previous meetings be dispensed with.

On motion of Geo. W. Weed, adjourned until 3 o'clock, P. .

AFTERNOON SESSION.

House met pursuant to adjournment, Hon. S. W. Wagoner in the chair. On motion of Col. Patterson, adjourned until 10 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow, carried.

(Reported for the Western Mountaineer.)

Citizens' Meeting.

GOLDEN CITY, December 7th, 1860.

At a meeting of the citizens of this city, held at International Hall, Hon. L. Pollard was called to the chair. On motion, Hon. G. W. Weed was elected Vice President, and Geo. H. Richardson chosen Secretary.

Hon. J. C. Bowles was then called upon to state the object of the meeting, which he understood to be to discuss the state of Legislative affairs in this Territory. Judge Post from the Mountains was next called upon; his remarks received much applause. In his opinion there was even now a majority in the mountains in favor of the Provisional Government.

Speeches were then made by Gov. Steele and Judge Odell, urging that the people stand by the government and the legislature, go ahead and enact such laws as the people want.

On motion the meeting adjourned until Monday evening, Dec. 10th, at 7 o'clock, to further discuss this matter.

MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 10th, 1860.

At an adjourned meeting of the Citizens of this city, at International Hall, Hon. L. Pollard was chosen President, and Hon. G. W. Weed, Vice President. Speeches were made by Judge Carter, Col. Patterson, Judge Bissell and others, in favor of supporting the Provisional Government.

Geo. H. Richardson, Sec'y.

Local Intelligence.

Agents for the Mountaineer.

- Denver, Woolworth & Moffatt.
 - Mt. Vernon, Geo. Morrison.
 - Mountain City, J. C. DeLap.
 - Golden Gate, D. McCleery.
 - Nevada Gulch, M. H. & G. S.
 - Clear Creek, Wm. Clark.
 - Central City, Dr. James McFarquhar.
 - Sacramento City, M. A. Baldwin.
 - Spanish Bar, J. W. Anderson.
 - Spring Bar, Geo. P. Boyce.
 - Spring Gulch, A. Barber.
 - Rock Island, Ill., A. K. Phileo.
 - Fair Play Diggings, Mr. Johnson.
 - Traveling Agent in the Mountains, S. J. Field.
 - Agent for the Plains and East, J. F. Farnon.
- HINCKLEY & Co's AGENTS, in the different Mines, are authorized to act for us.

Just before going to press we were pleased to notice the entrance of Walter Pollard, Esq., grasping our right hand in his right hand, and in his left a bottle of Old Bourbon.

"Long, long may our hearts with rich memories be filled,
Like a vase in which Bourbon has once been distilled;
You may break, you may shatter the vase if you will,
But the scent of Old Bourbon will linger there still."

On Tuesday morning our pressman found great difficulty in working off the first side. The type was cold, the roller was hard, and the ink wouldn't work; finally, the devil was dispatched to Cheney's, and he very kindly sent a "crystalian tube," which in an incredible space of time generated caloric sufficient to make every thing pleasant. Chet says there is nothing like it of a cold morning.

President Buchanan, devotes about three fourths of his message to the discussion of the Slavery question; Ticknor, Robbins & Co., devote all their time to supplying their customers with cheap clothing. To those going east, there is no better place to get an outfit. Give them a call at the corner of Washington avenue and Fourth st., St. Louis.

Died.

In Denver, on the 9th inst., CHARLES NIETZ, aged 30 years, late of Weston, Mo., and formerly from Germany.
He was buried with Masonic honors.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that there is no Co-partnership existing (as published) between J. H. Pinkerton, Isaac Pinkerton, E. W. Melhany and R. T. Bond, for Raunching or any other purpose, and that the said J. H. Pinkerton and Isaac Pinkerton will not hold themselves responsible for any Stock received or contract made by the said E. W. Melhany or R. T. Bond, or his or their agents, made in the name of said company.
J. H. PINKERTON,
ISAAC PINKERTON.

Golden City, Dec. 10, 1860. 25.3v

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

MANUFACTORY!
Soap and Candles
FOR THE MILLION!

MR. A. U. COLBY, of Chicago, has put in operation an extensive factory for the purpose of manufacturing Soap and Candles, and invites the attention of merchants, dealers and citizens, to his superior stock, constantly on hand, on F street, near the bridge, Denver. We will supply these articles for much less than they can be imported.

CASH PAID FOR TALLOW.

All city orders left at our factory, delivered free of charge. A. U. COLBY, Proprietor.

P. B. CHENEY, Agent for Golden City.
Dec. 5, 1860. 24.tf

HOWARD'S
Watch and Jewelry
ESTABLISHMENT,
Larimer street, corner of F, DENVER.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY of every description carefully repaired and guaranteed. Jewelry made to order. Watch Glasses of the best quality on hand. A fine collection of Rocky Mountain Minerals, &c., on exhibition, free of charge. 20.3m

REMOVAL!
JONES & CARTWRIGHT.

We have Removed to our new
FIRE PROOF BRICK WAREHOUSE,
On Ferry street, West Denver,

WHERE all our Mercantile and Freighting business will hereafter be transacted.
JONES & CARTWRIGHT.
9.tf

FOR SALE.

A GOOD WAGON, ONE YOKE OF OXEN, one Set of Double Harness, and one CAST IRON COOKING STOVE, for sale cheap for cash, or in exchange for hay.
Apply to JAMES STICKLE.
Golden City, Dec. 6, 1860. 24.tf

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given by virtue of an execution issued by the honorable District Court of Jefferson County, Jefferson Territory, in favor of Nick Cline and against, L. J. Harris and J. A. Dawson, and to me directed, I have levied upon the following described property to: Lots 4 and 5 on Block 22 North side of Clear Creek, in Golden City, with the buildings thereon, and I will offer the same at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, in Golden City, in Jefferson County, on MONDAY the 24th day of December, A. D., 1860, for cash in hand to satisfy said execution.
E. W. McILHANY, Sheriff.
By H. C. GREEN, Deputy.
Golden City, November 27, 1860. 24.3v

LETTERS FOR GOLDEN CITY!

DIRECTED TO CARE

HINCKLEY & CO'S EXPRESS,
ST. JOSEPH, MO.,

WILL be delivered in LESS TIME and at LOWER RATES, than by any other route.
LOVELAND & CO., Agents.
5.tf Golden City

EXTRA QUALITY MANILLA

17,000 CIGARS, for sale by
TAPPAN & CO.,
Corner F and McGaa streets, Denver,
And Corner West Fifth street and Colorado Avenue Colorado City. 3.tf

Blacksmithing and Wagon Repairing

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Executed in the best manner, and on reasonable terms.

G. N. BELCHER,
1.tf Ford st., Golden City

THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR

Groceries, Provisions, Produce,
MINING TOOLS, &c., &c., by

1-1v W. A. H. LOVELAND & CO.

500 DOZEN STRAW HATS, for sale cheap, by TAPPAN & CO
Corner F and McGaa streets, Denver,
And Corner West Fifth street and Colorado Avenue, Colorado City. 3.tf

Advertisements.

Episcopal Church "Festival."

At a meeting held at Rev. Mr. KEHLEN's, on Thursday Evening, Nov. 22d, to make arrangements for the "FESTIVAL" to be held in

Denver, on Thursday, Dec. 20th, 1860,

to provide means to furnish the Episcopal Church, the following ladies and gentlemen were appointed Committee of Managers, viz:

- | | | |
|--|---|--|
| COMMITTEE OF LADIES. | | |
| Mrs G H Wilcox,
A Steck,
Wilhite,
Morrison,
Dr Hamilton,
A Rogers,
Barlow,
Badolett,
Wood,
Vail,
Farwell,
H Reed,
Roberts,
Kent,
Hawkins,
Rich,
Page,
Totten,
Wildman,
G K Kimball,
D C Reed,
Travilla,
C H McLaughlin,
E McLaughlin,
Wm Clayton,
G W Clayton,
Cobb,
A G Boone,
Z Lauc,
H B Rogers, | Mrs Dr Rankin,
Sam'l McLean,
Henderson,
Minter,
McCune,
Norton,
H P Bennet,
Whitsitt,
S Ho e,
Duby,
O D Cass,
O J Wright,
J Matt. Taylor,
Gibson,
W N Byers,
Miss Howland,
Perrine,
The Misses Parks,
Ames,
Kehler,
Griswold,
Bennett,
Bogy,
Collins,
Collier,
Boone
Feld,
E Taylor,
McLean,
The Misses Sopris. | |
| COMMITTEE OF GENTLEMEN: | | |
| G H Wilcox,
R W Roath,
Amos Steck,
Dr Arnold,
R Wheeler,
R S Little,
F A Hunt,
R B Bradford,
T R Howland,
T C Cotton,
C S Hinckley,
M M Delano,
Dr Cass,
H J Rogers,
B H Blanton,
Jno McCune,
Col Wm Person
Byron Totten,
R E Whitsitt,
Mr Huggins,
Wm McLellan,
E D Boyd,
Thos Gibson,
Dr J J Saville,
Jesse Taylor,
Dr H H Beads,
Hon J C Moore,
J M Broadwell,
Chas Marion,
Chas Moody,
Dr Garatt,
Gov R W Steele
Wm West,
O B Totten,
S L Baker,
Dr A F Peck,
W W Barlow,
Wm Harlan,
I L Todd,
A Cheever,
Dr Arnold, Jr.
Geo Bayaud,
Chas Bartlett,
Gov L W Bliss,
M Buford,
E H Hart,
M R Frost,
L T Conklin,
E C Jacobs,
C H McLaughlin
E T Cheeseman,
Scott J Anthony
— Anthony,
J Henderson,
J G Lowe, | T J Bayaud,
Gen Larimer,
A Sageudorf,
F Z Salomon,
Mr Jacobs,
Dr Morrison,
T G Wildman,
J B Dalliba,
S S Curtis,
J T Coleman,
N Sargent,
Wm Dunn,
E S Whittle,
A R Travilla,
J M Taylor,
W H Kelley,
J S Mathews,
W Lyons,
G M Pullman,
Lewis Badolett,
J J Minter,
John Baker,
Frank Page,
F J Marshall,
E W Cobb,
M E Clark,
Capt Parkinson,
Thos Parkinson
Wm Shaffer,
L J Winchester
Simon Cort,
Judge Bennet,
Mr Byrum,
D H Moffatt,
O J Wright,
M Rountree,
G W Brown,
Samuel Brown,
Dr Wm Belt,
Dr Hobbs,
W Griswold,
J G Crocker,
M C Keith,
G B Tappan,
E P Peters,
A Merton,
John Kerr,
Frank Palmer,
H E Rounds,
E McLaughlin,
Dr Cartwright,
Mr McCarthy,
J P Marshall,
Wm Clayton,
Mr Greenleaf, | Mr Lincoln,
Marcus Walker,
J B Jones,
W N Byers,
Dr J F Hamilton
Clarence Provost
G A Gannett,
DP Wallingford
J Kershaw,
Rolla White,
Dr A Wildman,
C A Cook,
J P Sears,
E Norton,
G C Bradford,
Ed St Vrain,
C Trowbridge,
H Richards,
A B Miller,
W H Bates,
B S Buel,
D C Reed,
G K Kimball,
L N Tappan,
Mr Moyn,
Mr Lathrop,
G T Clark,
E B Waterbury,
D W Smead,
Wm Graham,
J S Wheeler,
Thomas Pim,
Samuel flowe,
J Downing,
C M Fisher,
D C Farwell,
Edward Bliss,
John L Dailey,
J Hawken,
J C Wicks,
Mr Seville,
W C House,
Mr Sopris,
J Wild,
J H Gerrish,
O J Goldrick,
L N Weld,
Judge Purkins,
R Wells,
Mr Warner,
C Thompson,
Thos W Knox,
Mr Wilhelm,
G W Clayton,
Mr Brewer. |
| COMMITTEE TO SOLICIT DONATIONS. | | |
| Mrs Steck,
Mrs Wilcox,
Mrs Totten, | Mrs Barlow,
Mrs Wildman,
Miss Kehler, | Mrs Hamilton,
Miss Howland. |
| COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT. | | |
| Amos Steck,
J E Dalliba,
M M Delano,
O B Totton, | J T Coleman,
H J Rogers,
G H Wilcox,
M Huggins, | Byron Tottep,
J S Fillmore,
S S Curtis,
T J Bayaud, |

ADMISSION:

SINGLE TICKETS, \$1.50

TICKETS ADMITTING A LADY AND GENT., \$2.50

Including an Elegant Supper provided by the Ladies. 21.5v

The Mountaineer.

Thursday, Dec. 13, 1860.

From the San Juan Mines Direct.

Our townsman, Mr. J. C. Remington, arrived on Saturday last, direct from the new diggings among the San Juan Mountains, and furnishes us with the following sketch of his trip, which will be interesting to the reader, as we believe it is the first really authentic report from that much talked-of region.

Mr. Remington joined Capt. Charles Baker's company in Taos, and crossed the mountains with wagons to Abiquiu, a small Mexican town of some five hundred inhabitants. Here they left their wagons, and packed their provisions on their animals over the Sierra Madre, crossing the San Juan River, and four or five other streams not laid down on any of the maps. They struck the Rio Padre about 60 miles from its source, and followed it up till they reached the diggings, previously discovered by Capt. Baker. They found no indications of any one having been there since Capt. Baker left last Summer. The company prospected a distance of about fifteen miles upon each of the main branches of the Rio Padre, as well as many of the gulches putting in from either side, and obtained from one to fifteen cents to the pan. There is plenty of water in all the gulches, and no stripping is necessary, the dirt prospecting well from the surface. The gold obtained was shot, or coarse gold. Some fifteen leads were found crossing the heads of the streams, of both virgin or decomposed quartz. There is plenty of timber handy for building purposes.

Mr. Remington is of the opinion that these mines will prove good paying diggings, but it will be too cold to work to advantage during the winter months. He speaks in the highest terms of Capt. Baker, as an enterprising and persevering prospector. He had left, with a portion of his company, to prospect upon the head waters of the Gila.

A town called Baker City was laid out in Baker's Park, a beautiful valley upon the Rio Padre, about in the centre of the mining district. Some 25 or 30 miles south is a fine valley of large extent, suitable for grazing and farming.

The most direct route to these mines is by way of Fort Garland, thence to Abiquiu, and thence across the Sierra Madre. There is a practicable route for a wagon road, and the distance from here to the Rio Padre mines is about 450 miles.

Capt. Baker's party saw a good many Utes, but very few Navajoes; these tribes are at war with each other, but made no hostile demonstrations against the whites.

The Mines on Clear Creek.

A few days since we visited the scene of mining operations, at the entrance to the canon of Clear Creek, about a mile above Golden City, and found several men busily at work. The Webster boys had 'coyoted' into the side of the ravine, about fifty feet above the bed of the creek, for a distance of eighty feet, but finding nothing, had commenced a little higher up with good success. On the next claim, Mr. Rothrock's men were 'drifting' into the side of the mountain, and had already struck the pay streak. Some of the dirt

prospected, we are told, twenty cents to the pan, but there seems to be some difficulty in saving the gold with the sluices. From our own observation we would judge that the sluices were worked with too great a head of water; one half the amount would carry off the dirt as well, and not take the fine scale gold along with it. A greater length of sluice would add to its efficiency, and if a tank could be placed near its end, so that the still water within would cause an eddy in the current, we think the gold would thereby settle to the bottom and be saved. Will some one try the experiment?

There is gold on Clear Creek, and it exists in paying quantities; and it only remains for some one to adopt a means whereby it can be separated from the dirt with which it is mingled.

A Picture.

A man with a herculean frame and a bronzed complexion, was sleeping soundly beneath his comfortable dwelling, dreaming, perhaps, of the far-off land of his birth, upon the swift-rolling waters of the Missouri. By his side reposed the wife of his bosom; but how shall we describe her loveliness. That marble brow, half shaded by those waving tresses that floated away down upon the alabaster neck; a cheek that rivaled the peach's glow rested upon a rounded arm that a sculptor might envy; those sparkling orbs were hid by long, overhanging lashes, but they were not closed in sleep. Suddenly that placid brow contracts and the carnation leaves her cheek, she reaches forth her hand and seizes the partner of her bosom by the shoulder; her lips move; hark! she speaks! 'Dog-gone yer, can't yer stop snoring?'

Schools.

Nothing conduces so much to the welfare and good name of a country, as the establishment and sustaining of schools. A school was started in Golden City when the town was scarcely three months old, and has been continued ever since, with excellent success. It is now under the superintendence of Miss Manly, a lady well qualified for the task, and her school is well attended. Several of her older pupils are instructed in the higher branches of learning.

We are glad to learn that Miss Manly contemplates instituting here at an early day a seminary for young ladies, at the solicitation of people here as well as in the mountains. We have no doubt such an institution would be well sustained.

QUARTZ MINING.—A gentleman just down from the mines, brings the intelligence that several of the mills are making about a thousand dollars each per week. The cold weather had frozen up a few of them, but the sound of machinery at work could be heard in nearly all the gulches about Gregory. By another season the crushing apparatus will be well and fairly in operation, and we look for a large yield.

STRIKE 'ILE' FOR YOURSELF.—In reference to the airs put on by a young school girl, because her father, a worthy blacksmith, had 'struck ile,' the Hartford Courant thus moralizes:

When a man has struck ile himself, by his own perseverance and industry, we like to see him use it well, and if necessary, even for his own enjoyment. But we

want to see him bring up his children as he was brought up himself, to work. Let them be taught to use their own perseverance and industry, and strike ile for themselves. It will be of more use to their characters and future destiny than if 'Dad' had 'struck' it for them. Every one who treads God's earth, and breathes God's air, should feel it to be a duty to work—to make the world better for having lived in it—to be of some use in his day and generation. Let every one labor with his mind, if he does not with his hands. It is a sin and a shame for stalwart men and women to fold up their hands and sit idle, merely because 'Dad has struck ile.'

Lord Palmerston's Opinion of the Advantage of Lectures.

Lord Palmerston remarks in a recent address:—

'The lecturer is to the student what a good guide is to a man who for the first time enters a city or a country, the geography of which he is unacquainted with, but who wishes to arrive at, and who, if left to his own unaided wanderings, might spend much time and much labor in arriving at the object of his pursuit. But the guide and the lecturer take the traveler and the student by the hand, and lead them by easy and pleasant ways to the ultimate object of search, and place them in possession of the end, and of that instruction which they are endeavoring to attain.—There is one defect in lectures. The knowledge which a man acquires by his own unaided exertions, working it out by books, by experiment and by reflection, remains fixed in his mind, because the trouble that he has taken to acquire it implies deep attention to every stage of the process.

We all know that the memory is retentive in proportion to the degree of attention which has been paid to the object stored in the memory, and, therefore, although lectures do lead men, easily and usefully to useful results, which were acquired by deep and intense study, and by long-continued study on the part of those who gave the instructive lectures, sometimes what goes in at one ear comes out of the other, and the student, at the end of a course of lectures if he has not been interested in the subject by knowing that it bears upon his active pursuits, may carry away permanently but little of what he has heard.

Sunrise in Carson Valley.

We find the following beautiful description of a Sunrise in Carson Valley, in a late letter from that region, published in a San Francisco paper:

We were well repaid, however, for the annoyance and for all our trouble, in gaining a position so elevated. A long chain of fleecy clouds, moving almost imperceptibly towards the North, hung on the eastern horizon, and as the eclipse commenced passing off just before the sun arose, these presented the most gorgeously beautiful appearance, their roseate and golden hues being inimitably bright and beautiful. There chanced to be an opening in the heaviest one of these clouds, right over the place where the sun was about to show its crescent, resembling very much the arch of a bridge, and reminding us of the Natural Bridge of Virginia, as viewed from the channel of the little creek over which its arch spans.—This misty arch, and its well disposed abutments, presented the appearance of burnished gold, glowing with an intense heat from a furnace which seemed to be hidden beneath it. In the midst of the arch, and immediately over the summit of a distant and rather low mountain, the sun arose, presenting a crescent similar to that of a new moon on its second night, and gradually increasing in size as the eclipse passed away, the clouds changing their hues, and growing sombre again in the brightness of the returning light.

The glory of the morning had not wholly disappeared, however; the panorama had only been changed from the heavens to the earth. Turning to the west, a long

chain of snow-capped mountains met our gaze, stretching far away towards the north and south, and looming up in bleak and solitary grandeur, their barren crags forming, as it were, the outposts of the empire of the genius of Desolation, where he had sat enthroned for countless ages, and held undisputed sway over an undivided empire.

Dashing along between us and this sombre range was the bold mountain stream which we had crossed the day before; its slightly turbid waters growing brighter from time to time, as they occasionally mirrored themselves in the rays of the morning sun, and its serpentine course traceable for many a mile by the mountain range on either side, and the fresh-looking green belt skirting its willow-fringed banks.

Physical Effects of Climate.

We have no recorded observations of the physical effects of the various climates of the United States sufficiently extensive and accurate to warrant any positive generalizations. That there are striking differences between the inhabitants of the North and those of the South, and even between the people of contiguous States, is a matter of common remark; but the precise nature of those differences has seldom been clearly defined, and it is difficult where so many other conditions are also dissimilar, to determine to what extent the effects observed are due to climatic influences.

According to our observations, which have extended from New Hampshire and Vermont on the North to the borders of Florida on the South, the finest race of men in *physique* in this country are to be found between the parallels of 34 deg. and 40 deg. north latitude, and particularly in the States of Maryland, Kentucky and Virginia.

They are large, symmetrically formed, erect and graceful in carriage, and have generally fine, open and pleasant countenances. Between these parallels also lie our finest climates; and, although the concurrence of these circumstances does not prove that the relation of cause and effect exists between them, we are satisfied in considering some connection as at least probable. The more aristocratic origin of the early settlers of these States, their higher culture, less austere religious views and stronger social tendencies; their abundant pleasurable exercise in the open air, and their freedom from severe labor, have no doubt conspired with the genial influences of a milder climate to produce the striking differences observable between their descendants and those of the New England Puritans.—*Hints towards Physical Perfection.*

Sunday a Day of Battles.

The great battle of Barnet was fought on Easter Sunday, April 15, 1471. The battle of Val, or Laffeld, near Maestricht, was fought on Sunday, the 2d day of July, 1847. The Peninsular War is fruitful in Sunday fighting. The second battle in Portugal, that in Vimiers, was fought on Sunday, 31st of August, 1803. The battle of Fuentes d'Onor was gained on Sunday, the 5th of May, 1811. On Sunday evening the 16th of January, 1812, Lord Wellington issued the brief but determined order that 'Claud Rodrigo must be carried by assault this evening at seven o'clock.' The battle of Ochter was fought on Sunday, the 17th of February, 1814, and that of Toulouse—the last general action of the Peninsular War—occurred on Easter Sunday, the 10th of April following. The battle of Waterloo was also decided on Sunday, the 18th of June, 1815. The second Burmese War afforded two examples—Easter Sunday, the 11th of April, 1852, the attack on the lines of defense at Rangoon; and the attack and capture of Pagan, on Sunday, the 21st of November, 1852. The victory of Inkermann was achieved on Sunday, the 5th of November 1854. And to crown the whole, it was on Sunday, the 10th day of May, that the terrible Indian mutiny broke out at Meerut.

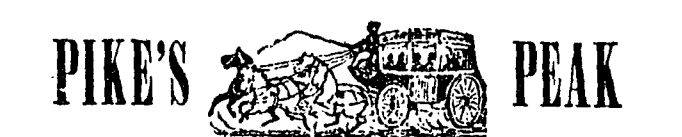
Prices Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE MOUNTAINEER. BY W. A. H. LOVELAND & CO., Washington Avenue, Golden City.

Groceries and Provisions. Flour, prewt. \$12 a 50 10 a 12c. Meal, doz. 10 a 12c. Bacon, pr lb. 30 a 35c. Beans, pr lb. 10c. Beef, on foot, lb. 4 a 5c. Dressed, pr lb. 8c. Butter fresh roll lb. 60c. Lard, pr lb. 30 a 40c. Potatoes pr lb. 8 a 10c. Onions, pr doz. 60c. Beets, pr doz. 50c. Peas, pr bushel. \$1.00. Radishes, pr doz. 30c. Cheese, pr lb. 30 a 40c. Eggs, pr doz. 50c. Coffee, (Java) pr lb. 30 a 35c. Tea, pr lb. \$1 a \$1.25. Sugar, pr cwt. \$23 a \$28. Molasses, pr gall. \$2.00. Tobacco, sin'g. pr lb. 75c. Cigars, pr box. \$2 a \$6. Hardware. Iron, (in demand) 25 a 30c. Steel, pr lb. 60c. Nails, pr cwt. \$18 a \$22. Glass, pr fifty feet. \$9.00. Oils and Paints. Linseed Oil, pr gall. \$3.50. W Lead, pr 25 lbs. \$6 a \$7. Building Materials. Lumber, pr M \$49 a \$59. Shingles, " " 6 a 8.

Express Line.

THE Central Overland California AND PIKE'S PEAK EXPRESS COMPANY!



EXPRESS COMPANY!

This old established Company have recently extended their LINE TO THE MOUNTAINS! And offer to the public the same Facilities, Despatch and Security Passengers, Treasure and Letters, Which they have ever given for like service to and from the States. They have placed upon the route the best stock, and will make DAILY TRIPS TO AND FROM THE MOUNTAINS Central City and its vicinity, Quicker than any other Line!

EXPRESS MATTER AND LETTERS PLACED IN THEIR CHARGE, TO ALL PARTS OF THE UNION WITH SAFETY, PROMPTNESS AND DESPATCH. Running in connection with their Tri-Weekly Express FROM DENVER TO LEAVENWORTH AND ST. JOSEPH, They present to the mountain community a Quicker, More Frequent, Certain and Reliable COMMUNICATION WITH THE STATES, than can be otherwise obtained. THROUGH TO ST. JOSEPH OR LEAVENWORTH FROM THE MOUNTAINS IN SEVEN DAYS, In Six Days! AT ALL TIMES AHEAD OF ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR STAGE LINE. This is THE ONLY TRI-WEEKLY LINE TO THE STATES, AND HAS NO CONNECTION WHATEVER, With any other. TREASURE, EXPRESS FREIGHT AND LETTERS FORWARDED by every Coach, in charge of an Efficient and Trustworthy Messenger, solely in the employ of the company. Letters taken through from any point in the mountains to St. Joseph and Leavenworth for ten (10) cents each, Newspapers five (5) cents. Government Stamped Envelopes, bearing our Express Stamp, for sale at our offices in Denver and the Mountains. Address Letters

Printing! Printing!!

THE WESTERN MOUNTAINEER BOOK AND JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT, WASHINGTON AVENUE, GOLDEN CITY. Having recently refitted and enlarged our office with A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF Type, Cuts, Borders, Rules, Inks, Bronzes, Papers, Cards, &c., &c., &c., &c.; We are now prepared to execute all kinds of PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL

WWW W WWW OO RRRRRR KKK KKK WW WW WW OOOO RR RR KK KK WW WW WW OO OO RR RR KK KK WW WWW WW OO RR RR KK K WW WWW WW OO RR RR KKK WWW WWW OO RR RR KK K WWW WWW OO RR RR KK KK WWW WW OO RR RR KK KK WW WW WW OOOO RR RR KK KK WW WW OOOO RR RR KK KK W W OO RRRR RRR KKK KKK

Such as LAW BLANKS, JUSTICES' BLANKS, LEASES, MORTGAGES, CHECKS, BILLS OF SALE, RECEIPTS, DEEDS, CERTIFICATES, DRAFTS, BONDS, Ball Cards, Business Cards, Admit Cards, BILL HEADS, PAMPHLETS, PROGRAMMES, Ranch Bills, Auction Bills, Theatre Bills, STORE BILLS, SHOP BILLS, LABELS, Ball Billets, Business Circulars, &c., &c.

We have the LARGEST WOOD TYPE in the country, especially adapted for POSTERS! Bankers, Merchants, Tradesmen, and all classes of business men, will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as we are prepared to execute printing, in every branch, in a superior style to any establishment in the country, at REASONABLE PRICES. Give us a call and see our specimens, then judge for yourselves. GEORGE WEST, PROPRIETOR Golden City, Nov. 7, 1860.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

GREENLEAF & BREWER, (NEW BRICK BUILDING,) Larimer, between E and F streets, DENVER CITY. DEALERS IN Groceries, Mining and Farming Utensils, Provisions, Choice Wines and Liquors, Hardware, Cigars, &c., &c. In addition to our stock of Staples, we offer a large assortment of FANCY GROCERIES!

CONSISTING OF: Canned Fruits, Spiced Oysters, Elem. Figs, Prunes, Malaga Raisins, Canned Oysters, Dates, Nuts, &c. WITH our increased facilities for the transaction of business, we are determined to sell GOODS AT LIVING PRICES, and hope to merit a continuance of public patronage. STORAGE AND COMMISSION! Goods Stored at reasonable rates and sold on commission if desired. GREENLEAF & BREWER, 17.1f Larimer, between E and F sts., Denver.

CLARK, GRUBER & CO., DENVER CITY, AND LEAVENWORTH, K. T., BANKERS. DEALERS IN Exchange, Currency, AND GOLD DUST. DEPOSITS RECEIVED. WE DRAW ON American Exchange Bank, New York, Allen, Copp & Nesbit, St. Louis, Gilmore, Dunlap & Co., Cincinnati, Marine Bank, Chicago, CLARK, GRUBER & CO., LEAVENWORTH CITY.

WE have in connection with Banking, a MINT! and are prepared to Exchange our Gold for Gold Dust. The native gold is coined as it is found, alloyed with silver. The weight will be greater, but the value the same as the United States Coin of like denomination. CLARK, GRUBER & CO., Denver City.

THE MINERS' BANK. FORREST BROTHERS & CO., Chicago, Ill. and Denver, J. T. BANKERS, DEALERS IN EXCHANGE. GOLD DUST BOUGHT, EASTERN EXCHANGE FOR SALE. At the current rates, on New York, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis and Milwaukee. Office, Blake st., near the Bridge. Deposits received on Current and Special Account. Denver, Oct. 3, 1860. 15.1f

ROCKY MOUNTAIN BREWERY. ALE...LAGER BEER...ALE. THE undersigned respectfully inform the public that they have received their Spring Stock of Barley, Malt and Hops, and will now keep constantly on hand a good supply of Lager Beer and Ale! at their Brewery. Orders left with J. B. Doyle & Co., will receive prompt attention. SOLOMON & CO., Denver, June 23, 1860. 1-4m

Advertisements. HASS & BROTHER, (BRANCH STORE FROM LEAVENWORTH CITY, K. T.) DEALERS IN TOBACCO, CIGARS, MEERSCHAUM PIPES, AND PLAYING CARDS, COR. F AND LARIMER STREETS, DENVER.

GERRISH & CO. Wholesale Dealers in PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES. Boots and Shoes, HARDWARE, &c., &c., &c. Corner of F and McGaa sts., DENVER.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, Gloves, Under Clothing, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Threads, Collars, Needles, Combs, Trimmings, Tooth Hoop Skirts, Brushes, Etc., Etc. A LARGE assortment just received and for sale by the package. TAPPAN & CO., Corner F and McGaa streets, Denver, And Corner West Fifth street and Colorado Avenue, Colorado City. 3.1f HYDRAULIC HOSE AND FORCE PUMPS, for sale by TAPPAN & CO., Corner of F and McGaa streets, Denver, And Corner West Fifth st. and Colorado Avenue, Colorado City. 3.1f

Advertisements. JAS. B. JONES, Agent. Principal Mountain Agency at Central City. Denver, Oct. 31, 1860. 19.1f

Correspondence.

(Editorial Correspondence of the Mountaineer.)

A Ride to Canon City.

CANON CITY, Nov. 23, 1860.

My last bore date 45 miles to the eastward, and was written while waiting for the clearing away of a snow storm. At noon of the same day the sun appeared, and our driver concluded to try the route to this place, in hopes of arriving before midnight. Putting in our four mules we started on our weary way with the snow nearly a foot in depth. Our progress was slow; nine o'clock at night showing but eighteen miles of road passed over. At that hour we were at Turkey Creek, so called from the immense number of turkeys found upon it, and halted to rest and feed our team.

The night was intensely cold, so much so that every particle of iron about the carriage was coated with frost, and the wheels in their motion gave forth that dismal, creaking sound, always indicative of a great reverse of heat. Finding a shelving rock we stopped beneath it, and built a huge fire of dead limbs of the pinon, which were found in abundance. After a stay of two hours we started, but found it impossible to follow the road, and consequently returned to our fire-place. For supper we had—nothing, and the cold was so intense that sleeping and keeping warm were exceedingly difficult, if not out of the question. Our mules, half frozen, huddled close as they were able to the fire, which we had taken care to make as large and cheerful as possible. 'Rest' until daylight amply satisfied the desires of the party, and again, after partaking of a breakfast similar to our supper of the evening previous, we were off,—not like the wind, but at a more sober and dignified pace.—Noon found 'the procession' twelve miles further out, and preparing to halt by the side of an ice-bound stream. Driver and passengers were felicitating themselves over the prospect of 'snuffing up the wind' for their noonday meal, and washing down the same with hydropathic draughts. Before the delights of anticipating such a feast were concluded, an individual on horseback, who proved to be the Rev. Mr. Johnson, on his way to Colorado, hove in sight, and a few minutes afterwards threw his saddle-bags on the ground at our camping place. When he drew forth a huge loaf of bread and an ample supply of meat for the dinner of four men, it seemed that I never before saw a human being of the masculine gender bear so strong a resemblance to an angel. Fifteen minutes afterwards we were all in a most angelic mood. An hour's halt was satisfactory, and we again sped along, entering Canon City just as the sun was sinking behind the hills in the west.

This place is situated at the point where the Arkansas emerges from the Rocky Mountains and strikes out in its course over the broad plains intervening between the backbone of the Continent and the Gulf of Mexico. The Arkansas is here a beautiful, pellucid stream of some sixty feet in width and flows with considerable rapidity. A range of low hills to the eastward and the lofty peaks of the higher range to the west, completely environ the little plain where the city is located. A sailor would call it land-locked. Geographically it has one of the best positions in the country.—

The road from Kansas City to all the surrounding section, follows up the Arkansas River, and here terminates. From Canon City roads lead to the San Juan region and to the South Park, continuing thence on to Tarryall, California Gulch, and all the mines of the southern portion of the Territory. They are described by those who have traveled them as excellent mountain roads and the shortest and most direct to the above points. Business men have not failed to see the advantages, and already several houses have been opened and are having a fine trade. The life of the town is manifested in the activity of the building operations; not far from thirty stores and dwellings having been started and nearly completed within the last three weeks. Among the rest are some fifteen stone buildings, five of them with hampered fronts, the material having been procured from an extensive quarry at the edge of the town site. People are camped along the river banks, and below the town, waiting for the erection of habitations.

The president of the Company is Mr. J. D. Ramage, a gentleman whose shrewdness and sagacity fit him for his position. His brother, Wm. W. Ramage, acts as secretary, and appears to possess the proper energy and enthusiasm to do good service in that capacity. From what I have seen, the leading men are not imbued with that wild and fanatical feeling that too often characterizes the residents of new towns, but are rather disposed to look fairly at the merits of their own and of rival cities.

My stay has been made pleasant by the kindness of Messrs. Chambers & Millet of the Canon Times, to whom I am under many obligations. My inner man has been several times refreshed at the Jenks House, where I have found the 'tip-top' of good living, and the best of attention. A ball and supper has been gotten up for the benefit and behoof of the subscriber, at which he hugely enjoyed himself, conversationally, saltatorially and gastronomically. Knowing that I am to leave in the morning, Mr. Londoner has kindly sent in 'suthin warmiu,' which he thinks will keep my feet comfortable on my journey, and accompanies the same with a double-handful of cigars, to perform a like calorifying operation for my nose. I accept his gifts with feelings of gratitude, but Mr. Londoner, perhaps, does not know that when at the East I am President of the celebrated 'Anti-Smoking and Opposed-to-Drinking-Association,' and always cited as the noblest Roman of them all. If the contents of the bottle are not lost before I reach Denver, I shall know where to bestow them if the Junior of the News has returned from the land of railroads. Tomorrow we are off for the Platte towns, and hope to reach them in due time.

Adieu for the present. J. W. K.

RETURNED WITH THE DUST.—Jimmy, a son of old Erin, who use to amuse himself several years since by turning the wheel of one of our contemporary's presses, returned from the Peaks yesterday, with his pocket full of rocks. He went out during the first excitement, struck a streak and has now come back to spend his hard-earned gold. He will go back as soon as spring opens.—St. Jo. Journal.

At a recent ball in Laporte, Cal., ladies and gentlemen were requested at the door to give up their deadly weapons.

General Intelligence.

The President's Message.

The *Denver Mountaineer* publishes this interesting document in full. We do not consider the expiring words of J. B. worth a reprint at the prices of type-setting in Pike's Peak, and therefore give but a brief synopsis. It is an ably written document, and has probably been eagerly perused by the lovers of heavy literature. For ourselves we prefer the 'Gun-Maker of Moscow,' or one of the numerous 'Guides to Pike's Peak' that are so abundant on the Missouri River during the Spring migrations.

J. B. opens in the following style:—

"Fellow Citizens of the Senate and House of Representatives: Throughout the year since our last meeting, the country has been eminently prosperous, in its material interests. The general health has been excellent, our harvests have been abundant, and plenty smiles throughout the land. Our commerce and manufactures have been prosecuted with energy and industry, and have yielded fair and ample returns. In short, no nation, in the tide of time, has ever presented a spectacle of greater material prosperity than we have done, until a very recent period."

He bewails the misdeeds of ye North:—

"Why is it then that discontent now extensively prevails and the Union of the States, which is the source of all these blessings, is threatened with destruction. The long continued and intemperate interference of the Northern people with the question of slavery, in the Southern States, has at length produced its natural effects. The different sections of the Union are now arrayed against each other, and the time has arrived so much dreaded by the Father of his Country, when hostile geographical parties have been formed. I have long foreseen, and often forewarned my countrymen of the now impending danger. This does not proceed solely from the claim on the part of Congress, or the Territorial Legislatures, to exclude slavery from the Territories, nor from the efforts of different States to defeat the execution of the Fugitive Slave Law. All, or any of these evils might have been endured by the South, without danger to the Union, as others have been, in the hope that time and reflection might apply the remedy. The immediate peril arises, not so much from these causes, as from the fact that the violent agitation of the slavery question throughout the North for the last quarter of a century, has at length produced its malign influence on the slaves and inspired them with vague notions of freedom."

He thinks the Antarctic States had better 'simmer down.'

"In order to justify a resort to revolutionary resistance, the Federal Government must be guilty of a deliberate, palpable and dangerous exercise of power not granted by the Constitution. The late Presidential election, however, has been held in strict conformity with its express provisions. How then can the result justify a revolution to destroy this very Constitution. Reason, justice and regard for the Constitution, all require that we shall wait for some overt and dangerous act, on the part of the President elect, before resorting to such a remedy."

He objects to the mild people of South Carolina 'going it alone.'

"The revenue still continues to be collected as heretofore, at the custom-house in Charleston, and, should the collector unfortunately resign, a successor may be appointed to perform this duty. Then, in regard to the property of the United States, in South Carolina—this has been purchased for a fair equivalent, by the consent of the Legislature of the State, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, &c., and, over these, the authority to exercise exclusive legislation has been expressly granted by the Court to Congress. It is not believed that any attempt will be made to expel the United States from this property by force, but, if in this I should prove to be mistaken, the officer in command of the forts has received orders to act strictly on the defensive. In such a contingency, the responsibility and consequences would rightfully rest upon the heads of the assailants."

We are quiet now and J. B., in the fullness of his heart thanks God and takes courage.

"When I entered upon the duties of the Presidential office, the aspect neither of our foreign nor domestic affairs, was at all satisfactory. We were involved in dangerous complications with several nations, and two of our territories were in a state of revolution against our government. A restoration of the African slave trade had numerous and powerful advocates. Unlawful military expeditions, were undertaken by many of our citizens, and were suffered, in defiance of the efforts of our government, to escape from our shores for the purpose of making war upon the unoffending people of neighboring republics, with whom we were at peace. In addition to these and other difficulties, we experienced a revulsion in monetary affairs,

soon after my advent, proving of unexampled severity and of ruinous consequences to the country.

When we take a retrospect of what was then our condition and contrast this with its material prosperity at the time of the late presidential election, we have abundant reason to return our grateful thanks to that merciful Providence which has never forsaken us as a nation, in all our trials.

He says the British lion is slumbering in his lair, and thus refers to the prospective king:—

"The recent visit of the Prince of Wales, in appropriate character, to the people of this country, has proved to be a most auspicious event in its consequences. It cannot fail to increase the kindness and friendly feeling of both countries, and their political and social intercourse with each other."

The Dons have been refractory. J. B. still fixes his eye on the promised land, a *Ja Moses*.

"Our relations with Spain are now of a more complicated, though less dangerous character, than they have been for many years. Our citizens have long held and continue to hold numerous claims against the Spanish Government. These have been ably urged for a series of years, by our diplomatic representatives at Madrid, but without obtaining redress. The Spanish Government finally agreed to institute a joint commission for the adjustment of those claims, and, on the 5th day of March, 1860, concluded a convention for that purpose, with our present Minister at Madrid. Under this convention what have been denominated the Cuban claims, amounting to \$2,063,554, in which more than one hundred of our fellow citizens are interested, were recognized, and the Spanish Government agreed to pay one hundred thousand dollars of this amount within three months following the exchange of ratification. The payment of the remaining \$2,863,554 was to await the decision of the commissioner, for, or against the amicable claim, but, in any event, the balance was to be paid to the claimants, either by Spain or the United States."

I reiterate the recommendation contained in my annual Message of December, 1858, and repeat that of December 1859, in favor of the acquisition of Cuba, from Spain, by fair purchase. I firmly believe that such an acquisition would contribute essentially to the well-being and prosperity of both countries, in all future, as well as prove the certain means of immediately abolishing the African slave trade throughout the world. I would not repeat this recommendation upon the present occasion, if I believed that the transfer of Cuba to the United States, upon conditions highly favorable to Spain, could justly tarnish the national honor of the proud and ancient Spanish monarchy. Surely no person ever attributed to the first Napoleon a disregard of the national honor of France, for transferring Louisiana to the United States, for a fair equivalent, both in money and commercial advantages."

J. B. shakes hands with the opium-loving Celestials.

"The friendly and peaceable policy, pursued by the government of the United States towards the Empire of China, has produced the most satisfactory results. The treaty of Tientsin, of the 18th June 1858, has been faithfully observed by the Chinese authorities. The convention of the 8th of November 1858, supplementary to this treaty for the adjustment and satisfaction of the claims of our citizens in China, referred to in my last annual Message, has already been carried into effect so far as this was practicable."

Japan securities are good investments.

"The ratifications of the treaty with Japan, concluded at Jeddo, on the 19th of July, 1858, were exchanged at Washington on the 22d of May last and the treaty itself was proclaimed on the succeeding day. There is good reason to expect that under its protection and influence, our trade and intercourse with that distant and interesting people will rapidly increase. The ratifications of the treaty were exchanged with unusual solemnity for this purpose, the Tycoon had accredited three of his most distinguished ministers plenipotentiary who were received and treated with marked respect and kindness, both by the Government and people of the United States. There is every reason to believe, that they have returned to their native land, entirely satisfied with their visit and inspired by the most friendly feelings for our country. Let us ardently hope, in the language of the treaty itself, that there shall henceforth be perpetual peace and friendship, between the United States, America and his Majesty, the Tycoon of Japan, and his successors."

At the end of the paper he signeth his name.

"JAMES BUCHANAN."

The President descants at considerable length on Kansas matters, proves conclusively, and to the satisfaction of his numerous friends, that he has always done the very best in his power for putting the bellicose territory in order. He recommends new treaties with Mexico, and favors the construction of a Pacific Railroad. In no way or manner does he refer to

Pike's Peak. He appears not to be aware of its existence.

With the exception of its strong Southern sentiment, the message is a very fair and impartial document, and reflects great credit upon the ability of Mr. Buchanan.

DENVER.

Improvements.

McGaa street is being put in a respectable condition. The bed of Cherry Creek in front of the News Office is being filled, and the bridge will soon be safe for riders and pedestrians.—The banking house of Turner & Hobbs is approaching completion.—Col. Johnson's fire-proof brick building is gradually taking the shape and appearance of a substantial edifice.—J. B. Doyle & Co's warehouse is being put in good repair.—The old Vasquez House is giving way to the march of improvement, marched down Ferry street on Saturday.—The M. E. Church has lately received a fine toned-bell which will shortly be put in ringing order.—The Senior editor of the News has discarded his old hat and now appears in the new castor presented by the boys of his office. The antiquated panama now forms a portion of the roadway in front of the building.

Trial of Charles Harrison.

The trial of Harrison for the murder of James Hill, closed on Friday last. The testimony was substantially the same as published in our last issue. The Jury after an absence of fourteen hours failed to agree, standing ten for acquittal and two for conviction, and were accordingly discharged. In view of the time and expense of the trial, it was decided to drop the matter, and the prisoner was accordingly released from custody.

AN EXPENSIVE OUTFIT.—Mr. Riley, saddle and harness maker on Ferry street, Denver, is making an outfit for lovers of equestrian exercises which beats anything we have hitherto seen. The mountings of the saddle and bridle are of silver, highly polished and finished in the best style of the art. The spurs are of solid silver, and of a size to suit the taste of the most extravagant Mexican. Whoever desires to secure this splendid equipment has only to disburse to Mr. Riley the sum of \$250, but a slight advance on its actual cost.

LYCEUM LECTURES.—Our friends of Denver have made arrangements for a course of lectures during the coming winter. They are to be produced entirely by local talent, professional lecturers, like Beecher, Chapin and Bayard Taylor, not being invited. We are pleased to see that literary matters are not forgotten in our Pike's Peak exile.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.—The Denver papers are now publishing telegraphic reports received regularly from Fort Kearney, only three days from all the cities of 'America.' C. S. Hinckley is the Pike's Peak agent of the telegraph companies, and will attend to the prompt transmission of despatches.

PACIFIC RAILROAD.—We had the pleasure on Saturday evening last of listening to a lecture from Capt. McAleer on the above subject. His report will soon be published.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

JEFFERSON HOUSE!

Washington Avenue, Golden City.

O. B. HARVEY, - - PROPRIETOR.

THE Proprietor respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he is still to be found at his Old Stand, ready to cater for their welfare and hopes to receive a share of public patronage. He flatters himself that those sojourning with him, can find his house a pleasant and comfortable retreat, and thinks that he can and will endeavor to please, so as to render entire satisfaction. Also, in connection with the house, a large and commodious Stable.

N. B.—There is a **Daily Line of Coaches**, running to and from the house, to all parts of the country. 14.3m

ELKHORN HOUSE!

FORD STREET, - - - - GOLDEN CITY,

G. N. BELCHER, PROPRIETOR.

HAVING remodeled and refitted the above house, I am now prepared to entertain the traveling public. My tables are at all times furnished with all the vegetables of the season. In connection with the house is a Saloon, where may be found the choicest *Wines, Liquors, Cigars, etc.* **GOOD STABLING AND CORRALS FOR STOCK.** June 28, 1860. 1.1f

MINERS' HOTEL!

GOLDEN CITY, J. T.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his old friends and the public generally, that his Hotel is now open for the reception of guests. A large two story building has just been completed in addition to the one formerly occupied, and travelers can now be accommodated with comfortable rooms, and will always find an abundant larder and good attendance.

STAGE OFFICE OF THE C. O. C. & P. P. EXPRESS. 1.1f JOHN M. FERRELL.

GREGORY HOUSE!

AT GREGORY POINT.

BY SAYERS & CO. BOARDING BY THE DAY AND WEEK. August 8, 1860. 8.1f

INTERNATIONAL BOWLING SALOON!

By CROW & BRUNDY, Cor. Washington Av. and Second st., Golden City. The above saloon is fitted up in a superior style, and the Bar furnished with the choicest **WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,** and the proprietors solicit the patronage of the public. 1.1f

CHENEY'S CHICAGO SALOON!

Cor. Washington Av. and First st., Golden City. CHOICE BRAND OF IMPORTED LIQUORS AND CIGARS, constantly on hand. Also, Oysters, Sardines and Pickles, wholesale and retail. 1.1f **P. B. CHENEY, Proprietor.**

Claim Agency.

MISSOURI CITY, Mountain Co., May 1, 1860. WE the undersigned have opened an office in Missouri City, for the sale of Mining Claims; Claims left with us will be sold or traded according to directions; a competent person will always be in readiness to show parties wishing to purchase. We have on our books some of the most valuable mining claims in the mountains, which we will dispose of on reasonable terms. Maps showing the location of the different gulches, lodes, water power, &c., can be seen at our office. Quartz examined, titles traced, deeds and transfers made and all business relating to miners and mining invest carefully attended to. Water power for sale. REFER to Wyatt, Whitsett & Co., Denver, Anthony & Palmer, Denver; J. W. Stanton, Golden City; Curran & Sweet, Missouri City. 1.6m **DOANE & BLISS.**

STOCK WANTED.

THE Subscriber wishes to dispose of his large Frame Store on Washington Avenue, Golden City, in exchange for Horses, Mules, Oxen or Wagons; this is in an excellent business locality. Also a good Dwelling House, and several Lots, all of which property will be sold very cheap, and the payment taken nearly all in stock, wagons, &c. Apply to **J. M. WHITTEMORE,** Or at the *Mountaineer* Office. Golden City, Nov. 1, 1860. 19.1f

MASONIC.

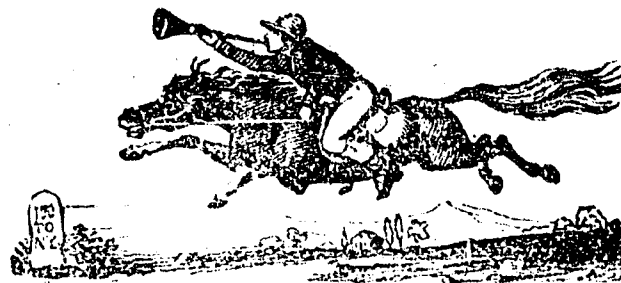
GOLDEN CITY LODGE, U. D., hold their Regular Meetings on the 2d and 4th Saturdays of every month, at their Hall, in Golden City. Visiting Brothers, in good standing, are invited. 1.1f **I. E. HARDY, W. M.**

WASHINGTON MEAT MARKET,

FORD ST., NEAR 2ND STREET, GOLDEN CITY. **Fresh Meat at all times on hand.** 1.1f **MICHAEL POTT.**

Express Lines.

HINCKLEY & CO.'S



EXPRESS

Is now running regular messengers over the

WESTERN STAGE CO.'S LINE,

FROM THE MOUNTAINS AND DENVER

TO FORT KEARNEY,

Connecting with the

United States Express Company!

FOR

Omaha, St. Joseph, St. Louis, Chicago, Boston, New York,

And all other cities and towns in the

United States and Europe!

Through Receipts Given for GOLD DUST,

which is forwarded in charge of

"Sober, Faithful and Reliable Messengers."

Solely in the Employ of this Company.

Time to Omaha,.....4 1-2 Days.

" St. Joseph,.....6 "

" New York,.....9 "

The facilities and reliability of HINCKLEY & CO. and United States Express Companies surpass those of any other company running in the Rocky Mountains.

LIGHT FREIGHT AND PACKAGES

From the States, brought through on as

QUICK TIME and at **LESS PRICES,** than by any other Express.

Order Goods by **UNITED STATES EXPRESS CO.,** care of **HINCKLEY & CO.'S EXPRESS,** FORT KEARNEY.

This company have no connection with Stage Lines, and are the only Legitimate Express Company in the Mountains.

Letters in "Government Stamped Envelopes" taken from the Mountains and Denver to the States and mailed, for **SEVEN CENTS EACH.**

Government Stamped Envelopes, bearing our Stamp, for sale at all our offices.

Direct letters **CARE HINCKLEY & CO.'S EXPRESS,** St. Joseph, or Omaha. **C. S. HINCKLEY, Supt.**

Agents of United States Express Company are authorized Agents of Hinckley & Co.'s Express at all points. 21.1f

HARRISON, SOLEY & CO.'S

COLORADO CITY

AND

DENVER EXPRESS!

Leaves Denver every Tuesday Morning.

Leaves Colorado every Friday Morning.

Transporting Passengers, Letters and **EXPRESS MATTER.**

Office in Denver, at the Store of **TAPPAN & CO.** Office in Colorado, with Messrs. **FOSDICK & BEACH.** 4.1f

Express Line.

CANON CITY



EXPRESS.

MILLER & EVANS,

Are now running a

WEEKLY EXPRESS

- TO -

CANON CITY,

For the conveyance of

Passengers, Letters,

- AND -

LIGHT PACKAGES!

Every thing entrusted to their care will be for-

warded with

SAFETY, PROMPTNESS AND DESPATCH!

Their Coaches leave Canon City on **FRIDAY** of

each week and arrive in Colorado to

CONNECT WITH

HARRISON'S LINE TO DENVER,

Thus giving a

Rapid means of Communication

with all parts of the

Gold Region and the States!

Leave Denver for Canon City, every **FRIDAY**

at **6 A. M.**

Office in Canon City, with Jenks & Miller.

Office in Denver, with Hinckley & Co.

December, 1860.

24.3w

CHANGE OF TIME!

THE WESTERN



WILL on and after July 1st, 1860, run a daily line of **FOUR HORSE COACHES,** carrying Hinckley & Co's Express, leaving Denver at **5 A. M.,** for Golden, Mountain, Central and Missouri Cities; Russell, Nevada and Graham gulches, Clear Creek and Sacramento City.

Returning, will leave Sacramento City at **6 A. M.,** arriving at Denver at **5 P. M.,** connecting with Southern Stage Co's line, for Hamilton, Tarryall, Blue and Arkansas River Mines; also, with **C. O. C. & P. P. Express** for the States.

J. G. CROCKER, Ag't, Denver.

R. H. WILLARD, Supt., 2.1f

Merchandise.

A BIG THING!

IT PAYS FROM THE SURFACE!

J. C. DAVIS & CO.,

WASHINGTON AVENUE,

Opposite the Post Office, GOLDEN CITY,

Are selling off their entire stock of

GROCERIES! PROVISIONS!!

CLOTHING!!

Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.,

AT COST!

Now is your time to lay in your

WINTER STOCK OF GOODS.

Give us a call and we will warrant you satisfaction. 20.tf

DAVIDSON, BREATH & CO.

Washington Avenue, Golden City,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

READY MADE CLOTHING,

BLANKETS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

HOSIERY AND GLOVES,

HARDWARE, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

and a general assortment of

MINERS' SUPPLIES.

PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

GOLD DUST taken in exchange for goods at \$16 and \$18 per oz. 1-tf

C. A. COOK & CO.,

AUCTION

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND

General Storage.

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

Boots and Shoes, Etc.,

BLAKE STREET,

One door from F Street, Denver City.

Liberal Advances Made on all Consignments.

REFERENCES:

McMechan & Ballantine, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, St. Louis.

John J. Anderson & Co., Bankers, St. Louis.

Clark, Gruber & Co., Bankers, Leavenworth City, Kansas.

Scott, Kerr & Co., Bankers, Leavenworth City, Kansas. 8.tf

A LARGE and splendid assortment of Saddles for sale by TAPPAN & CO.,

Corner F and McGaa streets, Denver,

and Corner West Fifth street and Colorado Avenue, Colorado City. 3.tf

Merchandise.

J. B. DOYLE.

FRED. Z. SOLOMON.

J. B. DOYLE & CO.,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS,

HARDWARE,

TINWARE,

MINING TOOLS,

Boots and Shoes,

CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS,

STATIONERY,

WALL-PAPER,

BLANKETS,

NOTIONS,

&c., &c., &c., &c.

OUR MOUNTAIN FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS,

Can purchase their supplies at our branch

Stores in

CANON AND MOUNTAIN CITIES,

AT

DENVER PRICES,

(Freight added.)

J. B. DOYLE & CO.,

22.tf Corner Ferry and Fifth sts., Denver.

JOHN KINNA.

JOHN A. NYE.

KINNA & NYE,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

And Manufacturers of all kinds of

TIN, SHEET IRON,

AND

COPPER WARE,

FERRY STREET, DENVER.

July 3, 1860.

2.6m

Merchandise.

LEWIS N. TAPPAN.

GEO. H. TAPPAN.

THE FOLLOWING

NEW GOODS

Have just arrived, and are for sale by

TAPPAN & CO.

Corner F and McGaa Streets,

DENVER CITY,

And Corner of West Fifth st. & Colorado Avenue,

COLORADO CITY,

General Commission Merchants,

And Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

RUBBER HOSE,

Assorted sizes for

HYDRAULIC MINING.

HYDRAULIC RAMS,

AND

FORCE PUMPS;

HERRING'S

BURGLAR AND FIRE PROOF

SAFES,

BUILDERS' HARDWARE

Of every description.

Glass, Putty and Lead.

DUCK AND CANVASS

—FOR—

Hose and Tenting.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

WITH COPPER TIP AND SHIELD.

MATRESSES;

PATENT

GAS GENERATING LAMPS;

BURNING FLUID!

HATS AND CAPS,

Miners' Outfits, &c., &c.

TAPPAN & CO.,

Corner F and McGaa streets, Denver,

And Corner West Fifth street, and Colorado Avenue, Colorado City. 3.tf

Merchandise.

W. A. H. LOVELAND & CO'S

Wholesale and Retail

CHEAP CASH STORE,

WASHINGTON AVENUE,

GOLDEN CITY,

THANKFUL to our friends and customers for past favors we invite the attention of all cash purchasers to one of the most complete

Stocks of Goods

in this market. Our facilities for purchasing, together with the large and commodious Store Rooms, prompt us to

DEFY ALL OPPOSITION!

To all who favor us [with a trial, we guarantee

Entire Satisfaction and Cheap Goods,

as any other House can afford to sell. We keep constantly on hand

All Descriptions of Merchandise

suitable for the Trade or Demands.

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Hardware, Queensware, Woodenware,

Ready-Made Clothing,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

MINERS' SUPPLIES,

And in fact everything that any body wants.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH. 3

June 28th, 1860.

1-ly

A. HANAUER.

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